



GPS Performance Variational Analysis Results

Presented At:

Performance Analysis Working Group 2000

Presented By:

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Discussion Topics

- Background
- Analysis Approach
- Current GPS Baseline Assessment
- System Performance Variational Analysis Results
- New GPS Performance Standards



Background

- Precision strike a critical element of Joint Vision 2020, but it is expensive
 - ⇒ GPS guided munitions proliferating throughout inventory, but targeting CONOPS not yet mature
 - ⇒ Current real world ops putting tremendous pressure on USSPACE to sustain consistent GPS performance
- Termination of SA has emphasized a burgeoning civil dependency on increasing levels of assured GPS performance
 - ⇒ US DOT pushing DoD for update to SPS Signal Specification -- OSD tasked HQ AF/XOR to respond

BOTTOM LINE: High User Expectations based on Past Performance



Background -- The Current Situation

- Conservative specs coupled with quality engineering has provided extraordinary technical baseline capability, but components aging
- Consistent SPACEAF ops from command and control perspective is driving generally good performance, but users experiencing some transients
- 50th Space Wing 2 SOPS is making increasing use of GPS Support Center global predictions to optimize constellation maintenance -- however, concept not yet institutionalized
- Lack of formal system-level performance metrics making ops resource utilization decisions increasingly difficult, especially as OCS and constellation age



ANALYSIS APPROACH

- Analysis Objectives
- Definition of a Sustainable Performance Standard
- Current System Baseline Definition for Analysis Purposes
- Identification of Performance Degrees-of-Freedom
- Definition of System-level Performance Metrics
- Performance Variational Analysis



Analysis Objectives

- Develop performance metrics for current operations that are consistent with and support evolution to the GPS ORD
- Determine system-level performance being achieved based on current GPS capabilities and operations tempo
- Evaluate range of performance behaviors due to conservative variation of key baseline parameters
- Develop system baseline performance standard values that are sustainable with the current technical and operational baselines



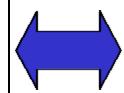
Definition of a Sustainable Standard

- Performance Standard not Valid Unless It Consists Of:
 - 1) Approved Performance Term Definitions
 - 2) Quantifiable Metrics
 - 3) Accountable Thresholds
- Documentation available to support all three elements
- Definition of **accountable thresholds** is focus of this brief

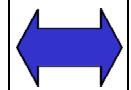


Definition of Current System Baseline

Technical Baseline



Operational Baseline



System Baseline

- Physical Elements of System
 - **⇒** Satellites
 - \Rightarrow OCS
 - ⇒ PPS UE
- Design Specifications
- Interface Control Documents
- Warranty Requirements
- Sustainment
- New Capability
 Development/Integration

- OPSCAP Criteria
- CONOPS
 - ⇒ URE Management
 - ⇒ Slot Management
 - ⇒ SV Availability
 - **⇒** Time Management
- Maintenance Concept
- Unit Manning
- Operations Tempo Management
 - ⇒ Normal vs Tactical
 - □ Satellite Disposal
 - ⇒ Launch Callups

- SYSCAP Criteria
 - ⇒ PPS/SPS Accuracy
 - ⇒ PPS/SPS
 - **Availability**
 - ⇒ Service Reliability
- Tactical Support Requirements
- Crypto Operations
 Policies
- SA Operations Policies



Performance Degrees-of-Freedom

GPS Ops Controls:

- User Range Error
- Satellite Slots
- Satellite Availability
- Error in Time Bias

USER APPLICATION

Performance Experienced By Users

Using:

- Uploads, Filter Tuning
- Stationkeeping
 Maneuvers
- SOH Contacts, Maintenance Supports
- Uploads, Time Management Program in OCS

Given:

- Clock Stability,
 Ephemeris
 Predictability, Curve
 Fit Error
- Orbit Insertion
 Accuracy, Nominal
 Slot Definitions
- SV RMA, Warranty Requirements
- UREs, USNO
 Measurement
 Process



Performance Metrics

- DoD recently established formal definitions for GPS service availability and accuracy in JROC approved ORD
- Definitions employed in new standard, with slight mods to accommodate current ops

Service Availability: Percentage of time over any 24 hour interval that **predicted** 95% positioning error is less than its threshold, **for any point** within the service volume

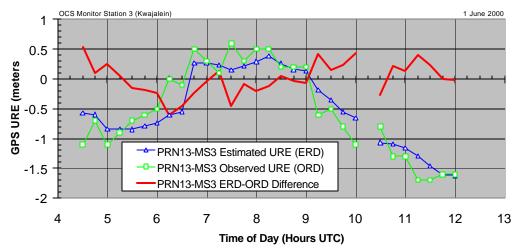
Positioning Accuracy: Statistical difference at a 95% probability between position measurements and a surveyed benchmark, for any point within the service volume, over any 24 hour interval



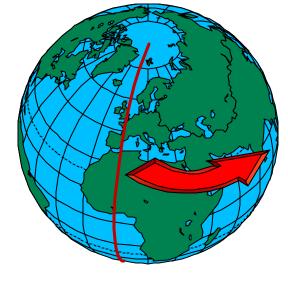
Analytic Process

- MCS log data, almanacs, NANUs
- URE Audit Function
- Service Availability: Weighted UNE Algorithm
- Position Accuracy:
 Point NAV Solutions
- Time Transfer Accuracy: All-in-View Ensemble
- Overlook's Tactical Tool
 Suite used for all analyses

Example Audit Between Estimated and Measured UREs



Equidistantly
Spaced
Global Grid
with discrete
time steps





Performance Variational Analysis

- GROUND RULE: Given current technical baseline, determine performance levels that can be sustained with current ops tempo and resource allocations
- **Task 1:** Baseline Assessment
- Task 2: Daily URE Variational Assessment
- Task 3: Satellite Slot Tolerance Sensitivity Analysis
- Task 4: Satellite Removal Sensitivity Analysis

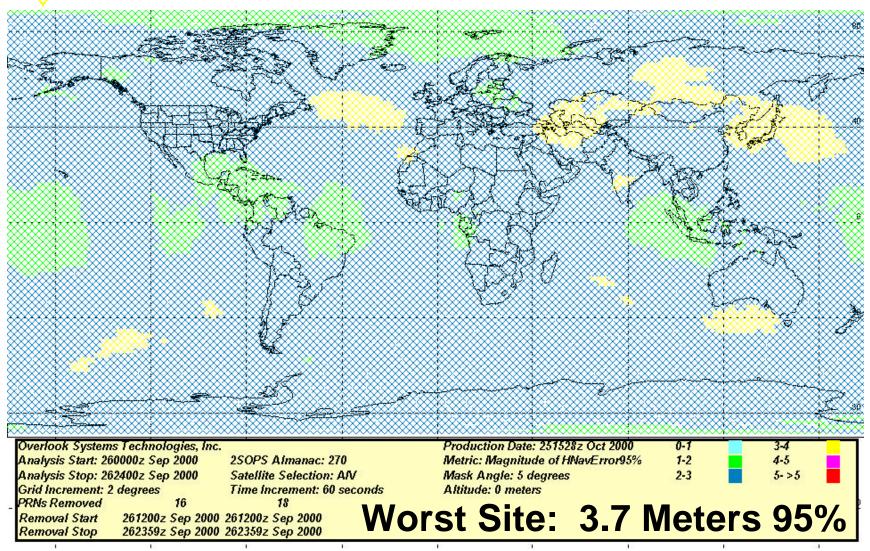


BASELINE ASSESSMENT

- Current Nominal System Performance
- GPS Technical Baseline Assessment
- GPS Operational Baseline Assessment
- Dynamics of Baseline Interactions

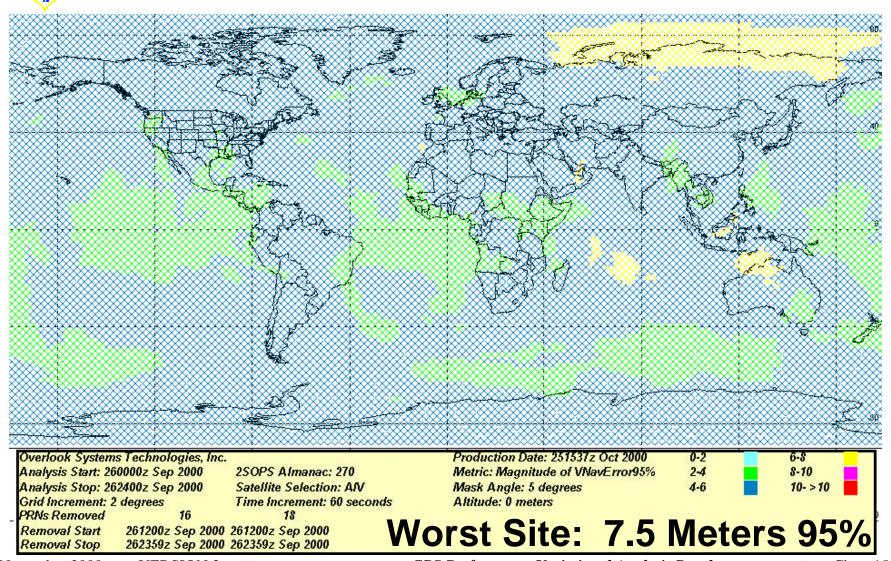


Horizontal 95% Accuracy -- 26 Sept 2000



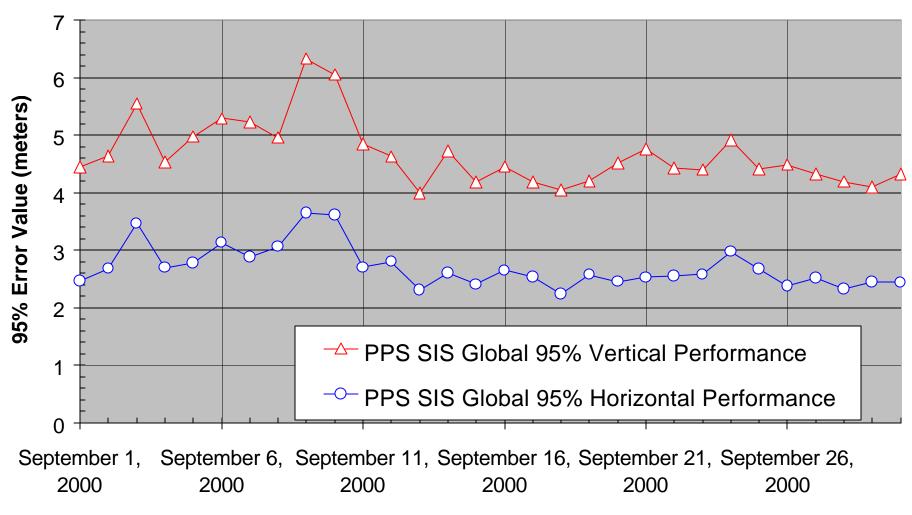


Vertical 95% Accuracy -- 26 Sept 2000





PPS 95% Accuracy -- September 2000





Nominal Performance Summary

Performance Parameter	Variational Parameter	Grid Spacing	Initial Conditions	Ru	n Results	
Availability	Nominal 24 SV Constellation, PPS SIS Weighted UNE Algorithm	1x1 41,344 Points	 10-17 June 2000 UREs No receiver noise No Iono, Tropo 	Availability Statistic PPS Horizontal Availability 6.3 meters 95% PPS Vertical Availability 13.6 meters 95%	99.982%	98.889% 98.611%
Accuracy	Nominal 24 SV Constellation, PPS SIS	1x1 41,344 Points	19 June 2000No receiver noiseNo Iono, Tropo	Position Error Statistic PPS 50% Horizontal PPS 95% Horizontal PPS 50% Vertical PPS 95% Vertical	1.4 m 3.2 m 1.8 m	Worst Site 2.2 m 5.6 m 3.0 m 9.5 m
Availability	Nominal 24 SV Constellation, SPS SIS Weighted UNE Algorithm	1x1 41,344 Points	 10-17 June 2000 UREs No receiver noise C/A-P biases No Iono, Tropo 	Availability Statistic SPS Horizontal Availability 6.3 meters 95% SPS Vertical Availability 13.6 meters 95%	Global Average 99.992% 99.973%	Worst Site 98.819% 98.542%
Accuracy	Nominal 24 SV Constellation, SPS SIS	1x1 41,344 Points	 19 June 2000 No receiver noise C/A-P biases No Iono, Tropo 	Position Error Statistic SPS 50% Horizontal SPS 95% Horizontal SPS 50% Vertical SPS 95% Vertical	3.3 m 1.9 m	2.2 m 5.6 m 3.2 m 9.6 m



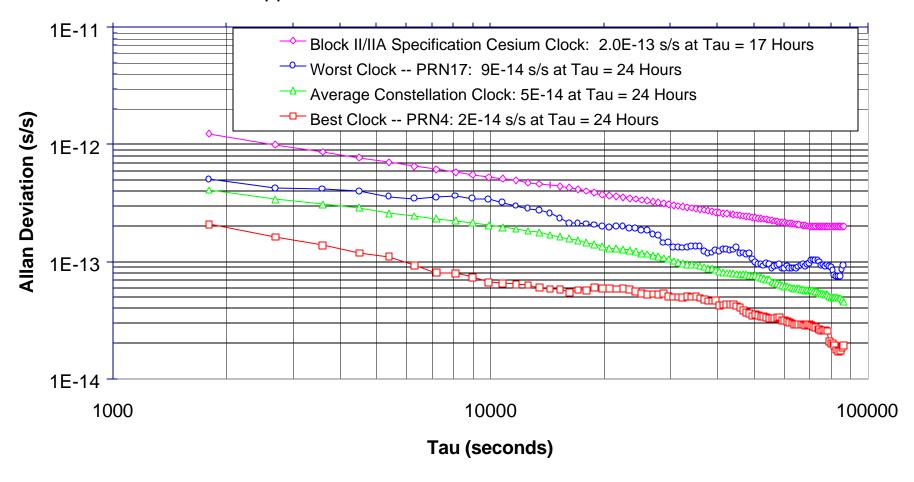
Technical Baseline Assessment

- Satellite Clock Stability
- Ephemeris Predictability
- SPS URE Bias Assessment
- GPS Satellite RMA Attributes
- GPS Constellation Availability
- OCS RMA Attributes



Satellite Clock Stability

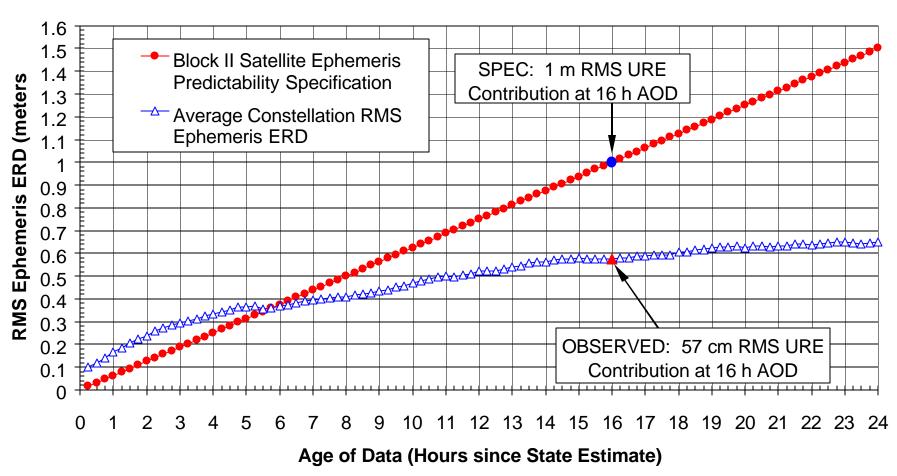
Allan Deviation Inferred from OCS Clock Prediction Error Apparent Best vs. Worst Clocks, June 2000





Ephemeris Predictability

GPS Ephemeris Predictability, June 2000





SPS URE Range Bias Assessment

PRN	Average (m)	High	Low	Spread	Variance	PRN	Average (m)	High	Low	Spread	Variance
		Value (m)	Value (m)	(m)	(m ²)			Value (m)	Value (m)	(m)	(m²)
1	-0.105	0.04	-0.23	0.27	0.053	17	-0.329	-0.16	-0.45	0.29	0.066
2	-0.347	-0.2	-0.45	0.25	0.05	18	-0.004	0.14	-0.12	0.26	0.057
3	0.011	0.17	-0.08	0.26	0.051	19	0.085	0.23	-0.02	0.25	0.056
4	0.388	0.53	0.29	0.24	0.051	21	-0.14	0.01	-0.24	0.25	0.052
5	-0.223	-0.07	-0.35	0.28	0.052	22	-0.48	-0.33	-0.58	0.24	0.052
6	0.137	0.3	0.03	0.27	0.059	23	-0.178	-0.05	-0.27	0.22	0.049
7	-0.376	-0.04	-0.5	0.46	0.077	24	0.064	0.21	-0.04	0.25	0.052
8	-0.291	-0.13	-0.4	0.26	0.055	25	0.215	0.38	0.09	0.29	0.064
9	0.084	0.25	-0.04	0.29	0.061	26	0.369	0.52	0.28	0.24	0.049
10	-0.556	-0.41	-0.65	0.24	0.051	27	-0.033	0.12	-0.16	0.28	0.056
13	0.485	0.63	0.4	0.24	0.049	29	0.257	0.4	0.17	0.23	0.051
14	0.088	0.23	-0.03	0.27	0.052	30	0.498	0.64	0.4	0.24	0.049
15	-0.375	-0.23	-0.48	0.25	0.053	31	-0.223	-0.08	-0.32	0.24	0.052
16	-0.26	-0.12	-0.36	0.24	0.051			•		-	•

- Data Obtained June 2000 from JPL via Aerospace Corporation
- Periodic updates required to track long-term variation, and whenever a satellite NAV string redundancy configuration is changed

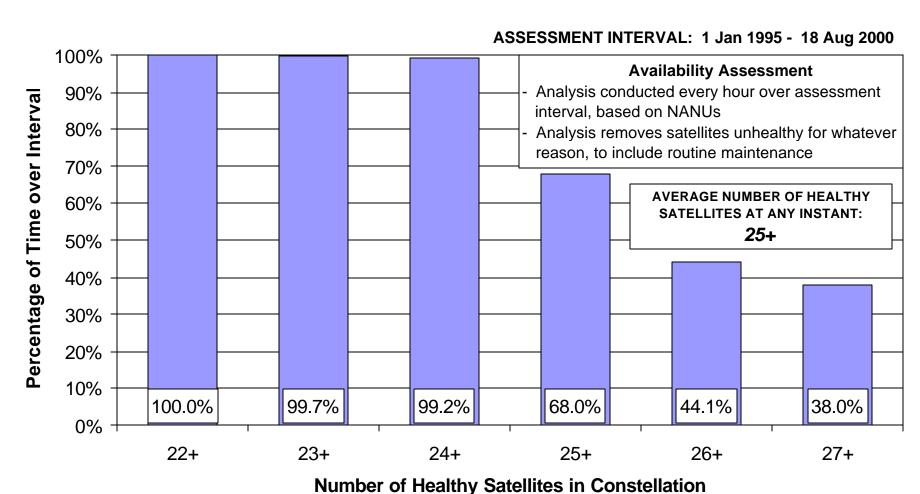


GPS Satellite RMA Attributes

GPS Satellite RMA Parameter: January 1994 – July 2000	Actual	Theoretical/Design
Total Forecast Downtime per SV per vear (hrs)	35.6	NA
Total Scheduled Downtime per SV per year (hrs)	18.7	24
Total Unscheduled Downtime per SV per vear (hrs)	39.3	64
Total Actual Downtime per SV per Year (hrs)	58.0	88
Satellite MTBF (hrs)	10,749.4	2,346.4
Satellite MTTR (hrs)	48.2	17.1
Satellite MTBDE (hrs)	3,255.9	1,528.8
Satellite MDT (hrs)	21.5	15.4
# Unscheduled Satellite Downing Events per SV per year	0.9	3.7
# Scheduled Satellite Downing Events per SV per year	1.9	2.0
# Total Average Satellite Downing Events per SV per year	2.7	5.7
Average SV Availability per vear - Scheduled Downtime	99.79%	99.73%
Average SV Availability per year - All Downtime	99.34%	99.00%



GPS Constellation Availability





OCS RMA Attributes

Availability Type	Master Control Station	Ground Antenna Communications	Ground Antenna	System-Level Availability
Inherent Availability	99.60%	99.22%	98.44%	97.28%
Achieved Availability	98.62%	99.22%	94.11%	92.09%
Operational Availability	98.12%	99.22%	90.34%	87.95%

- Operational availability represents availability of an asset or string to support constellation operations
- 85% value used in performance variational analysis to reflect worst case historical period of performance

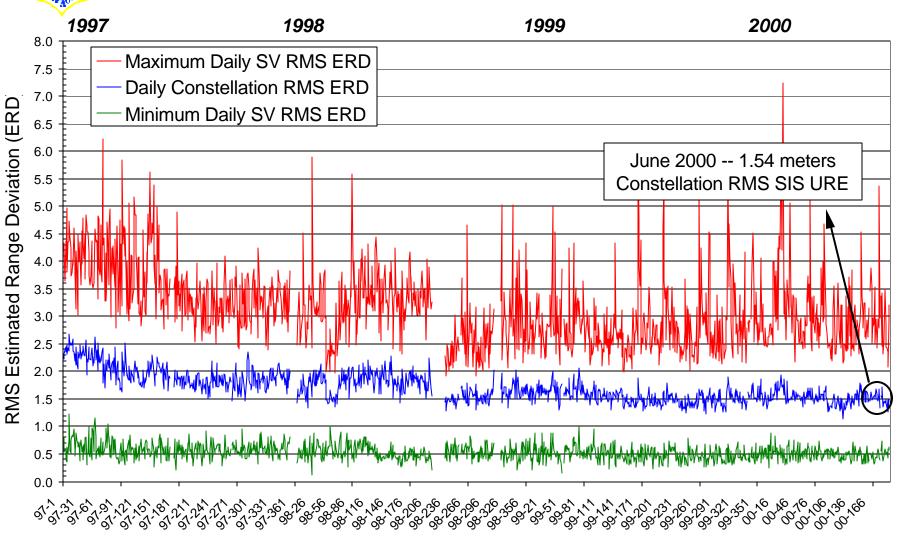


Operational Baseline Assessment

- GPS SIS PPS User Range Error (URE) Trend
- Constellation Slot Tolerance Management
- Constellation Slot Availability Management
- OCS Loading Assessment



GPS PPS SIS URE Trend





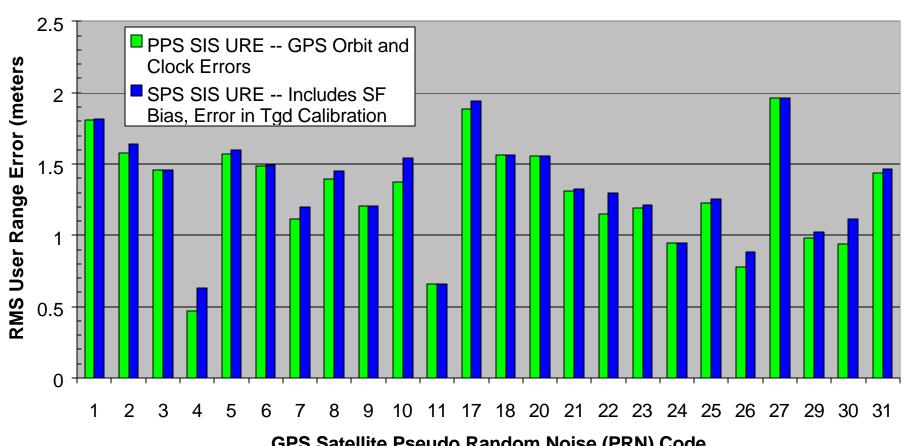
Upload Ops Tempo Assessment

GPS PRN	Average Daily RMS ERD	Average # Uploads/Day	0 Uploads/ Day	1 Upload/ Day	2 Uploads/ Day	3 Uploads/ Day	4 Uploads/ Day	5 Uploads/ Day
1	1.84 m	1.5	0%	53%	47%	0%	0%	0%
2	1.62 m	1.4	0%	67%	30%	3%	0%	0%
3	1.64 m	1.2	0%	83%	17%	0%	0%	0%
4	0.80 m	1.1	3%	83%	13%	0%	0%	0%
5	1.67 m	1.3	0%	70%	30%	0%	0%	0%
6	1.74 m	1.3	0%	67%	33%	0%	0%	0%
7	1.21 m	1.0	0%	97%	3%	0%	0%	0%
8	1.71 m	1.3	0%	73%	23%	3%	0%	0%
9	1.24 m	1.0	7%	90%	3%	0%	0%	0%
10	1.71 m	1.3	0%	73%	27%	0%	0%	0%
11	0.85 m	1.0	3%	93%	3%	0%	0%	0%
13	0.85 m	1.1	3%	83%	10%	3%	0%	0%
15	1.76 m	1.3	0%	73%	20%	7%	0%	0%
16	2.04 m	1.6	0%	53%	40%	3%	0%	0%
17	2.13 m	1.8	0%	37%	47%	17%	0%	0%
18	2.19 m	1.5	0%	53%	27%	13%	0%	0%
19	2.06 m	2.0	0%	39%	43%	21%	4%	0%
20	1.65 m	1.3	0%	87%	3%	7%	3%	0%
21	1.76 m	1.6	0%	53%	37%	10%	0%	0%
22	1.42 m	1.3	0%	87%	7%	3%	0%	3%
23	1.55 m	1.3	0%	73%	23%	3%	0%	0%
24	1.21 m	1.1	0%	87%	13%	0%	0%	0%
25	1.54 m	1.1	0%	93%	7%	0%	0%	0%
26	0.74 m	1.0	0%	97%	3%	0%	0%	0%
27	2.17 m	1.6	0%	53%	37%	10%	0%	0%
29	1.33 m	1.0	0%	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%
30	1.07 m	1.1	0%	90%	10%	0%	0%	0%
31	1.88 m	1.4	0%	60%	37%	3%	0%	0%
Constellation Average	1.54 m	1.3 uploads/day per satellite	0.6%	73.9%	21.2%	3.9%	0.2%	0.1%



SPS vs. PPS SIS UREs

GPS Satellite UREs -- 10-17 June 2000

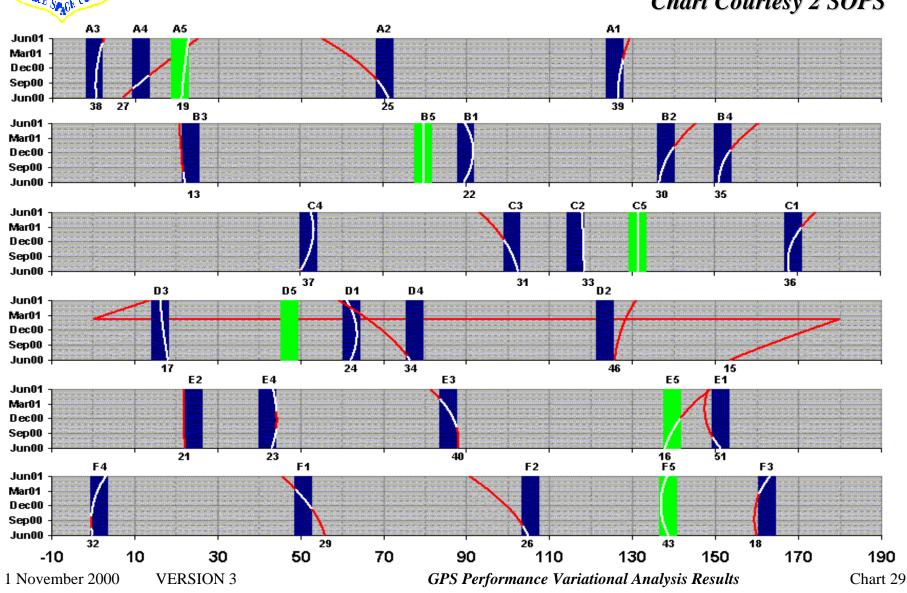


GPS Satellite Pseudo Random Noise (PRN) Code



Constellation Slot Tolerances

Chart Courtesy 2 SOPS





Constellation Slot Availability

- GPS performance defined conservatively in terms of **primary** 24 slot locations, with $\pm 2^{\circ}$ margin as shown
- Primary slot availability can be no greater than average satellite availability from technical baseline definition
- Slot availability also includes effects of ops policies concerning satellite end-of-life and replacement
- Current policy is to move older satellites out of primary slots if possible, replace with newer satellites in plane
- If primary slot failure occurs, current replacement timelines are 30 days for in-plane spare, 90 days for launch call-up
- Directed to use minimum 22 SVs in primary slots for margin



OCS Loading Assessment

Routine GPS Constellation Contact Requirements

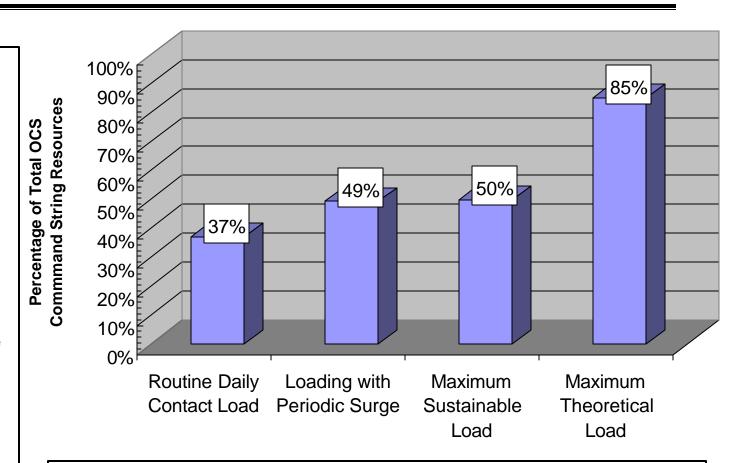
- SOH/NAV Uploads with 3 meter ERD Threshold
- •SOH/GBD Dumps
- Eclipse Supports
- Special Supports (Sick & End of Life Satellites)

Periodic Surge Contact Requirements

- Routine Satellite Maintenance Contacts
- Station Keeping Maneuvers
- Program Loads
- Anomaly Supports

OCS Resource Downtime

- •PMIs IAW Maintenance Plan
- •Mean Time to Repair



- Maximum Sustainable Load: Current Scheduling Tolerances and Protocols, OCS Resource Mission Effectiveness and I/O Constraints
- Maximum Theoretical Load: Perfect Scheduling with no Conflicts, no Dynamic Rescheduling and no I/O Constraints



Dynamics of Baseline Interactions

SATELLITE REPLACEMENT POLICIES





System Design **Characteristics**

O&S Funding

Current and **Projected** Personnel (UMD)

Support Contracts Status

Modernization *Impacts*

- **SV RMA**
- Characteristics **SV Orbit Slot Stability**
- **SV Orbit & Clock Predictability**
- **OCS State** Efficiency
- **OCS Component** RMA Characteristics

Estimate/Predict

OCS Maintenance & Logistics

Replacement Timeline



CONSTELLATION OPERATIONS

> Daily Satellite **Operations**

> > Planning & **Scheduling**

Monitoring, Trending & Reporting

Training & STANEVAL

Management Policies SV Stationkeeping **Maneuver Policies** SV Failure Contingency **Plans** ERD Tolerances and Contingency **Upload Policies** GPS Timescale Management **Policies**

SV Downtime



PERFORMANCE CONTROLS

> Satellite **Availability** Management

Constellation Slot Management

> Satellite URE **Performance** Management

GPS-UTC Time Management



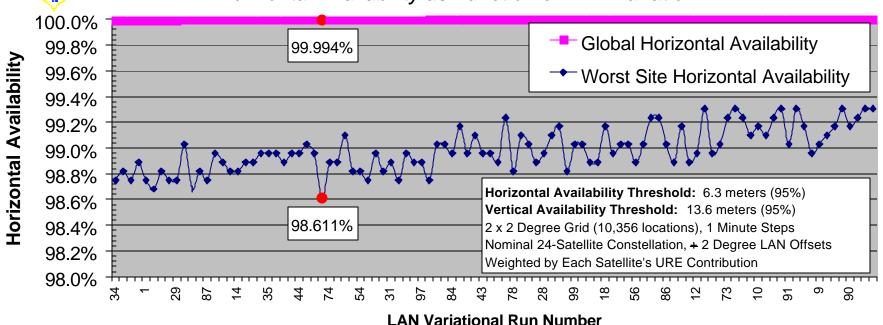
ANALYSIS RESULTS

- Service Availability
- Positioning Accuracy
- Definition of the Performance Envelope
- Proposed New Standards

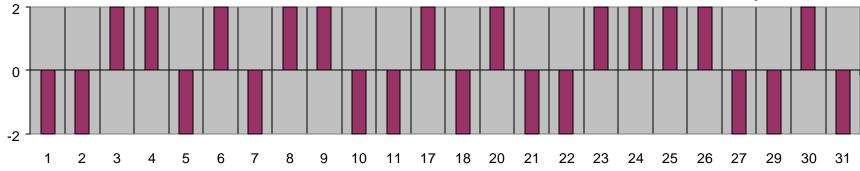


Availability Impact - LAN Variation





LAN Offset from Nominal Slot for Worst-Case Site Horizontal Availability



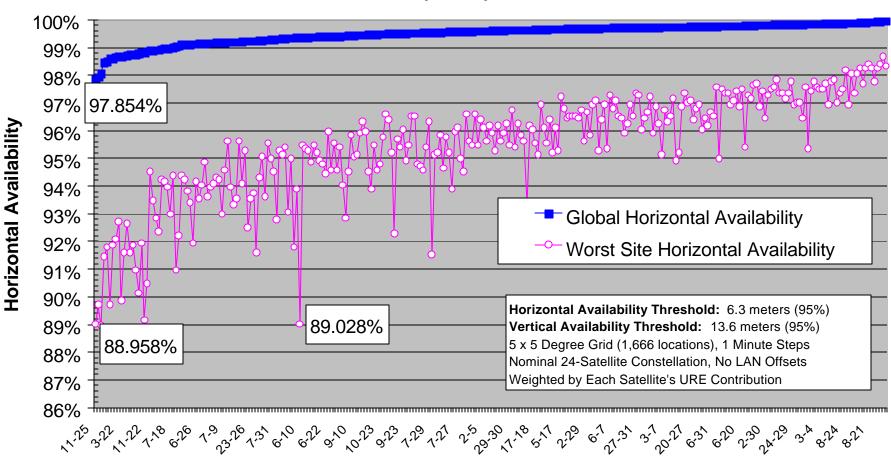
GPS Satellite PRN Code

GPS Performance Variational Analysis Results



Availability Impact -- Two SVs Out

GPS Horizontal Availability Analysis -- Two Satellites Out

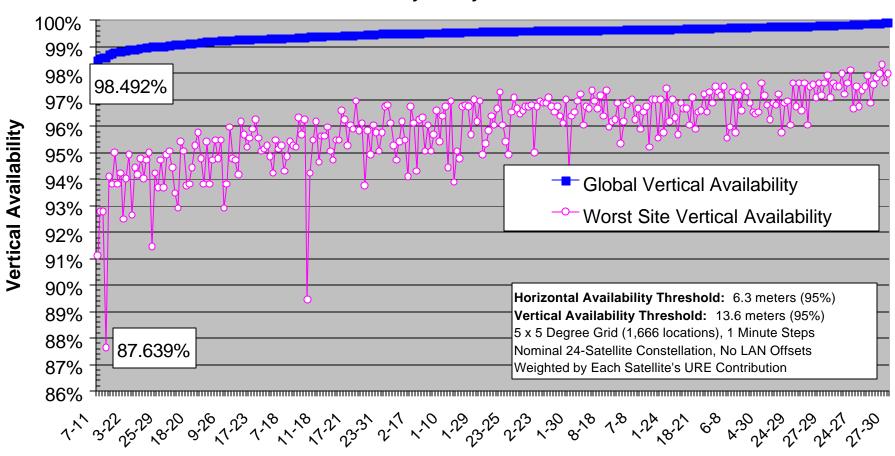


GPS PRN Combination Removed



Availability Impact -- Two SVs Out

GPS Vertical Availability Analysis -- Two Satellites Out



GPS PRN Combination Removed



Availability Impact -- Outage Time

- Satellite maintenance timeline tolerance reduced from 24 hours to 12 hours
- Modest effect on worst site, more significant % in global

Performance Parameter	Variational Parameter	Grid Spacing	Initial Conditions			Run Results		
Service Availability	Two SVs Out, SIS Outage Times	5x5 10,356 Points	• 10-17 June 2000 UREs • No receiver	Outage Times	Worst Global Horizontal	Worst Site Horizontal	Worst Global Vertical	Worst Site Vertical
	Sensitivity		noise No SPS biases Horizontal	0000Z to 1159Z	98.921% (11 & 25)	89.375% (11 & 25)	99.234% (7 & 11)	87.639% (11 & 25)
			threshold 6.3 m 95% • Vertical threshold 13.6 m 95%	1200Z to 2359Z	98.928% (11 & 25)	89.167% (9 & 26)	99.240% (7 & 11)	87.847% (11 & 25)



Availability -- Slot Bias + Worst Two SVs

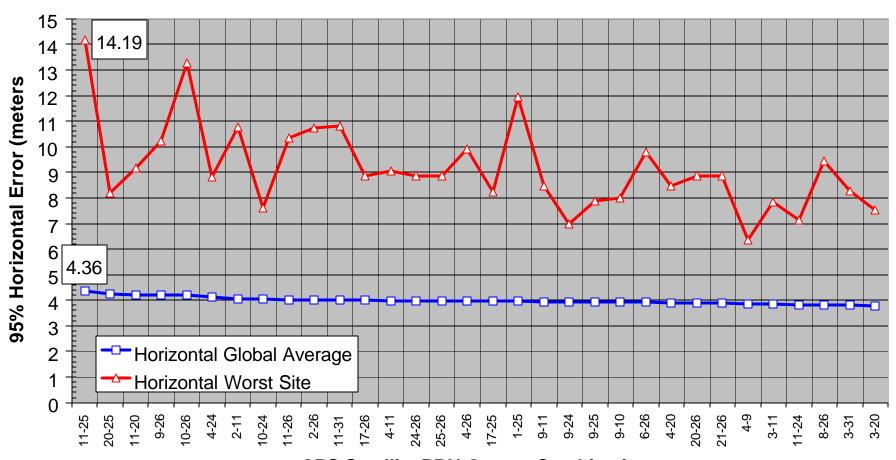
- Combination worst two satellites removed + worst LAN offsets
- Again, modest effect on worst site, more significant % in global

Performance Parameter	Variational Parameter	Grid Spacing	Initial Conditions	Rui	n Results	
Service Availability	Worst Two SVs Out (11-25) + Worst H∆LAN	2x2 10,356 Points	10-17 June 2000 UREsNo receiver	Availability Statistic SPS Horizontal Availability 6.3 meters 95%	Global Average 97.826%	Worst Site 89.931%
	Combination SPS SIS		noise C/A-P biases No lono, Tropo	SPS Vertical Availabilitv 13.6 meters 95%	98.583%	88.611%
Service Availability	Worst Two SVs Out (11-25) + Worst V∆LAN	2x2 10,356 Points	• 10-17 June	Availability Statistic SPS Horizontal Availability 6.3 meters 95%	Global Average 97.097%	Worst Site 87.778%
	Combination SPS SIS		noise C/A-P biases No Iono, Tropo	SPS Vertical Availabilitv 13.6 meters 95%	98.106%	86.944%



Accuracy Impact -- Two SVs Out

Worst Two-Satellite Outage Combinations for SPS Global Horizontal Error

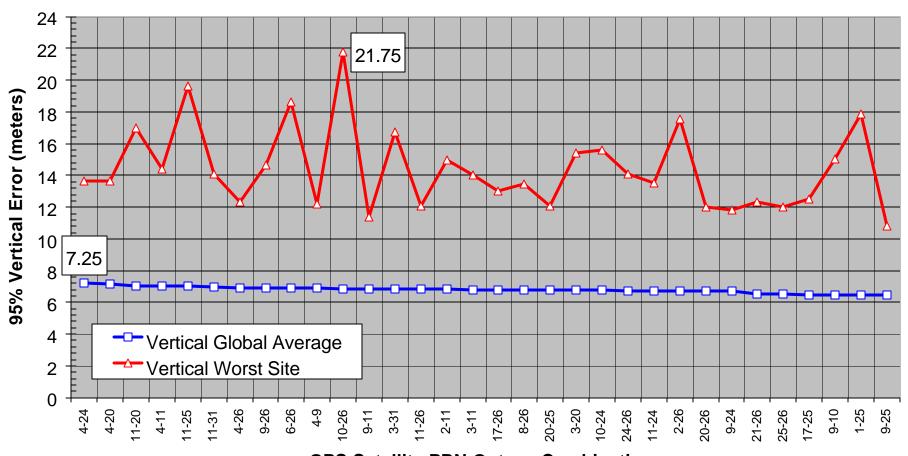


GPS Satellite PRN Outage Combinations



Accuracy Impact -- Two SVs Out

Worst Two-Satellite Outage Combinations for SPS Global Vertical Error



GPS Satellite PRN Outage Combinations



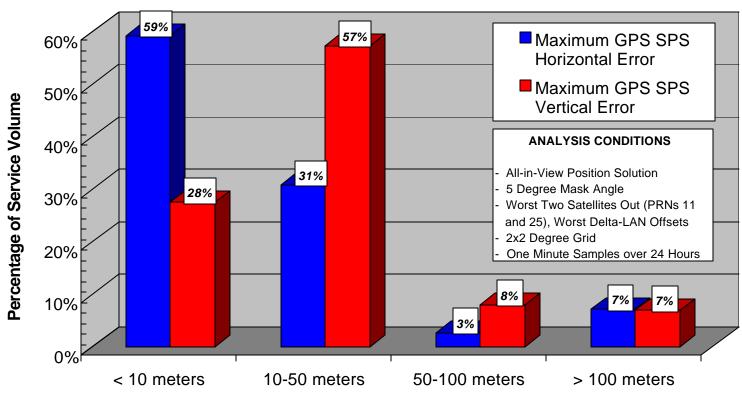
Accuracy -- Slot Bias + Worst Two SVs

- Combination worst two satellites removed + worst LAN offsets
- Modest effect on global and worst site accuracy values

Performance Parameter	Variational Parameter	Grid Spacing	Initial Conditions	Rui	n Results	
Accuracy	Worst Two SVs	2x2	• 19 June 2000	Position Error Statistic	Global Average	Worst Site
	Out (11-25) +	10,356	 No receiver 	SPS 50% Horizontal	1.7 m	2.5 m
	Worst H∆LAN	Points	noise	SPS 95% Horizontal	4.4 m	14.1 m
	Combination		C/A-P biases	SPS 50% Vertical	2.1 m	3.9 m
	SPS SIS		 No Iono, Tropo 	SPS 95% Vertical	7.1 m	23.1 m
Accuracy	Worst Two SVs	2x2	• 19 June 2000	Position Error Statistic	Global Average	Worst Site
	Out (11&25) +	10,356	 No receiver 	SPS 50% Horizontal	1.7 m	2.5 m
	Worst V∆LAN	Points	 C/A-P biases 	SPS 95% Horizontal	4.4 m	13.2 m
	Combination			SPS 50% Vertical	2.1 m	3.7 m
	SPS SIS		 No Iono, Tropo 	SPS 95% Vertical	7.1 m	25.3 m



Outer Limits of GPS Performance



Maximum Instantaneous Positioning Error

Percentage of Sites < 4 SVs: 11% Globally

Maximum Minutes < 4 SVs: 27 Minutes Worst Site

Average Minutes < 4 SVs: 6.9 Minutes Given Site has Time with < 4 SVs

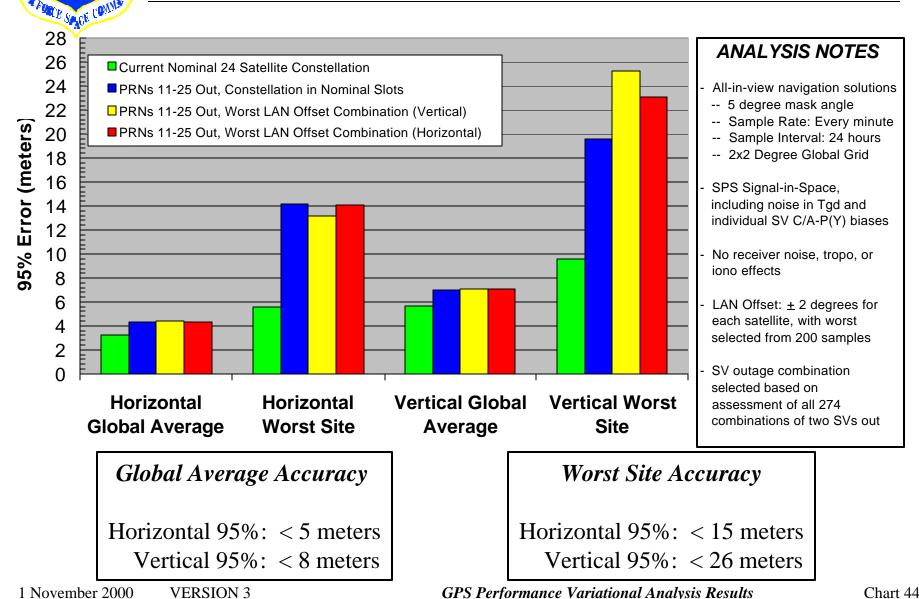
Service Availability Envelope

Service	Worst Two SVs	2x2	• 10-17 June	Horizontal	Global/Worst	Vertical	Global/Worst
Availability	Out (Horizontal,	10,356	2000 UREs	6 m 95%	97.53%/88.19%	13 m 95%	98.42%/87.01%
1	SV 11 & 25 out),	Points	 No receiver 	7 m 95%	98.33%/90.35%	15 m 95%	98.82%/88.33%
	PPS SIS	,	noise	8 m 95%	98.81%/91.60%	17 m 95%	99.05%/89.58%
ļ.	Threshold		 No SPS biases 	9 m 95%	99.07%/92.15%	19 m 95%	99.26%/90.49%
	Sensitivity			10 m 95%	99.23%/92.50%	21 m 95%	99.44%/91.18%
Service	Worst Two SVs	2x2	• 10-17 June	Horizontal	Global/Worst	Vertical	Global/Worst
Availability	Out (Vertical, SV	10,356	2000 UREs	6 m 95%	97.14% / 87.57%	13 m 95%	98.17% / 86.67%
]	11 & 25 out),		 No receiver 	7 m 95%	98.11% / 89.79%	15 m 95%	98.71% / 88.13%
ļ	SPS SIS		noise	8 m 95%	98.64% / 91.32%	17 m 95%	98.97% / 89.24%
	Threshold Sensitivity		C/A-P biases	9 m 95%	98.96% / 91.88%	19 m 95%	99.19% / 90.21%
	Sensitivity		No Iono. Tropo	10 m 95%	99.16% / 92.36%	21 m 95%	99.38% / 90.97%
Service	Worst Two SVs	2x2	x2 • 10-17 June	Horizontal	Global/Worst	Vertical	Global/Worst
Availability	Out (Vertical, SV	10,356	2000 UREs	6 m 95%	97.72%/89.58%	13 m 95%	98.29%/90.63%
	7 & 11 out),	Points	 No receiver 	7 m 95%	98.29%/90.21%	15 m 95%	98.80%/91.67%
[PPS SIS		noise	8 m 95%	98.67%/91.11%	17 m 95%	99.08%/92.57%
	Threshold		No SPS biases	9 m 95%	98.93%/92.57%	19 m 95%	99.24%/93.68%
	Sensitivity			10 m 95%	99.12%/93.68%	21 m 95%	
Service	Worst Two SVs	2x2	• 10-17 June	Horizontal	Global/Worst	Vertical	Global/Worst
Availability	Availability Out (Vertical, SV 7 & 11 out), SPS SIS	10,356	2000 UREs	6 m 95%	97.49% / 89.44%	13 m 95%	98.07% / 90.07%
		Points	 No receiver 	7 m 95%		15 m 95%	98.67% / 91.32%
		*	noise	8 m 95%		17 m 95%	98.99% / 92.36%
	Threshold	•	 C/A-P biases 	9 m 95%		19 m 95%	99.18% / 93.33%
Sensitivity	•	No Iono. Tropo	10 m 95%		21 m 95%	99.31% / 94.79%	

Service Availability with Thresholds consistent with Worst Site Accuracy

Horizontal Threshold: 15 meters 95%	Horizontal A	vailability	Vertical Availability		
Vertical Threshold: 26 meters 95%	Global Average	Worst Site	Global Average	Worst Site	
PRNs 11 & 25 Removed	99.598%	93.958%	99.612%	92.222%	
PRNs 7 & 11 Removed	99.543%	96.042%	99.518%	95.694%	

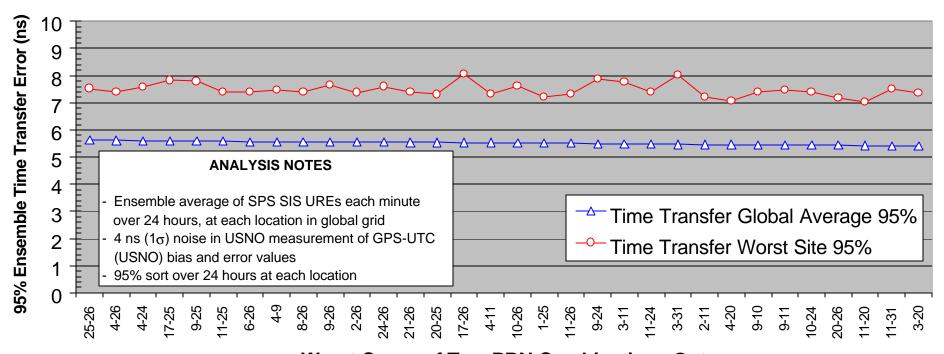
SPS Accuracy Envelope





Ensemble Time Transfer Envelope

GPS SPS All-in-View Ensemble Time Transfer Performance



Worst Cases of Two PRN Combinations Out

• Worst Case Global Average Time Transfer User Performance: 5.6 nanoseconds (95%)

• Worst Case Worst Site Time Transfer User Performance: 8.1 nanoseconds (95%)



Proposed New Standards -- SPS

SPS Accuracy	Global Average Accuracy	Worst Site Accuracy
Horizontal	5 meters 95%	15 meters 95%
Vertical	8 meters 95%	26 meters 95%

SPS Availability	Global Availability	Worst Site Availability
Horizontal	99.5% at 15 m 95%	92% at 15 m 95%
Vertical	99.5% at 26 m 95%	92% at 26 m 95%

SPS Time Transfer Accuracy: 10 - 20 nanoseconds 95%, Worst Site

NOTES: Position Solution is All-in-View, 5° Mask Angle

SPS SIS Only, does not include Iono, Tropo, Receiver Noise

Time Transfer is All-in-View Residual Averaging



Proposed New Standards -- PPS

- Employ same standards as SPS for routine daily operations
- In addition to routine global ops, provide additional layer of service for CINC-designated Areas of Operations (AOOs)
- PPS performance within AOO driven by weapon systems of concern to area CINC, put in the context of a balance with other targeting and weaponeering error sources